



experimentalists

 π -/ π + ratio is a good probe of Esym!

Wait, there is missing physics or other effect.

Threshold effect.

s-wave and p-wave pion potential.

clustering effect, Pauli Blocking effect.

Model dependence.

Great! I'm going to measure it.

Apply money, build facilities, ...



OK.



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...Is π -/ π + ratio a good probe of Esym?

Talk by Pawel Danielewicz

Pion optical potential $U_{\pi^{\pm}} = \mp 8 S_{int0} \rho_T \frac{\rho^{\gamma^{-1}}}{\rho_0^{\gamma}}$ related to Esym $S_{\rm int}(\rho) = S_0 \left(\rho/\rho_0\right)^{\gamma}$ 11 5.5 γ=0.5 10 5 φ ē ē γ=0.75 9 4.5 γ=1.0 8 4 γ=1.5 π^{-/π^+} 7 π^{-/π^+} γ=2.0 3.5 ¹²⁴Sn+¹³²Sn 6 3 5 2.5 ₽ FOPI 2 4 Au+Au 400A MeV ð 3 1.5 200A MeV 2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.4 1.6 1.8 2 2.2 20 120 0 40 80 100 1.2 60 140 KE_{c.m.}[MeV] With pBUU γ Integrated ratio insensitive to Esym **Energy spectra sensitive to Esym**

Talk by Tetsuya Marukami

400 MeV/nucleon

E_{mov} (MeV)

Considerable experimental efforts for pion measurement



Talk by Natsumi Ikeno



With JAM

Talk by Mircea Dan Cozma



Consistent Esym with π -/ π + and v2n/v2p



Talk by Che Ming Ko

Combined effects from threshold, s-wave, p-wave



What we have achieved in the transport comparison project-Benchmark

- HIC: theoretical error bar for transport flow-30% at 100 AMeV and 13% at 400 AMeV; Uncertainties from initialization and Pauli Blocking.
- Box-Cascade (tentative): reproduce <σv> within 5% by modified Bertsch's approach by turning off the spurious scattering; Pauli Blocking underestimated by 10-20% depending on BUU or QMD at extremely low T.

What we have achieved in the transport comparison project-Benchmark

- Box-Vlasov (tentative): Different damping from BUU and QMD; Reproduce oscillation frequency from linear response theory within ?%.
- Box-Pion (tentative): theoretic error for π-/π+ ratio; Reproduce results from kinetic equation within ?%.

Some considerations on organizing code authors

- Code authors are volunteer to help.
- Their efforts we can ask for are finite.
- They could be more active in the beginning but less active later on.
- They want to see progresses/benchmarks as published in the paper.
- They want to make their code known and improve their code rather than ruin their code.
- Number of participant codes decreases with increasing efforts
 - HIC: 9 BUU and 9 QMD
 - Box-Cascade: 7 BUU and 8 QMD
 - Box-Vlasov: 7 BUU and 5 QMD
 - Box-Pion: 3(?) BUU and 5 QMD

If you understand all these ...

Questions for discussions – transport comparison project

- Next comparison
 - Compare momentum-dependent mean-field potential (for the nucleon effective mass measurement)?
 - Clustering effect in transport model?
- Standard subroutine for experimentalists, with well tested components in transport models (initialization, NN scattering, Pauli Blocking, MF, Δ and π production)?
- Requirement for the useful conclusion from transport comparison (theoretical uncertainty, reproduce theoretical limit with ?%, ...)?
- Suggestions for organizing code authors for homework calculation (divergence due to different code treatments or carelessness)?

Some considerations on Box-Pion

- Already great efforts:
 - Phase I (Dc1P0, Dc2P0)
 - Phase II and new Phase II (Db1P0, Db2P0, Db2Pb)
 - Phase III (Da2Pa)

It turns out the convergence is not very good.

- Four components:
 - $-N+N->N+\Delta(\sqrt{})$
 - N+∆->N+N (?)
 - Δ ->N+ π (?)
 - N+π -> ∆ (?)



If you want to be thorough, ... **Proposal to fix the other three components -begin with a box with half N and half** Δ

- Compare N+ Δ ->N+N with results from kinetic equation.
- Combine N+N->N+Δ and N+Δ->N+N
 => N+N<->N+Δ, compare with results from kinetic equation.
 Phase I fixed!
- Compare $\Delta \rightarrow N + \pi$ with results from kinetic equation.
- Compare N+ π -> Δ with results from kinetic equation.
- Combine $\Delta \rightarrow N + \pi$ and $N + \pi \rightarrow \Delta$

=> Δ <->N+ π , compare with results from kinetic equation.

• Combine N+N<->N+ Δ and Δ <->N+ π , compare with results from kinetic equation. A big task!

Phase II fixed!